— Exodus 2.11-15 — Exodus Series 3

Moses Rejected and Betrayed

Ex 2 ¹¹ Now it came to pass in those days, when Moses was grown, that he went out to his brethren and looked at their burdens. And he saw an Egyptian beating a Hebrew, one of his brethren. ¹² So he looked this way and that way, and when he saw no one, he killed the Egyptian and hid him in the sand. ¹³ And when he went out the second day, behold, two Hebrew men were fighting, and he said to the one who did the wrong, "Why are you striking your companion?" ¹⁴ Then he said, "Who made you a prince and a judge over us? Do you intend to kill me as you killed the Egyptian?" So Moses feared and said, "Surely this thing is known!" ¹⁵ When Pharaoh heard of this matter, he sought to kill Moses. But Moses fled from the face of Pharaoh ...

Pharaoh		
► We last saw Moses being delivered to Pharaoh's daughter		
as her adoptive son, which gave him protection,		
the only thing that could save his life. She named him Moses,		
because she drew him out of the water, and Moses sounds		
like a Hebrew word carrying that meaning. Indeed,		
will later be drawn out of the Red Sea		
with Moses at the lead. Why would Pharaoh's daughter give		
her son a name because of its associated Hebrew meaning?		
Was she a secret believer in the of Joseph? If she		
was, she would have done exactly what she		
► In vs 11, we are reminded how		
the Exodus account is regarding Moses, in the same way the		
gospels are regarding Jesus. We are given minimal		
and which reveal the faith and		
character of people, as well as the sovereign faithfulness of		
God. Exodus over Moses' entire upbringing		
to when he is grown and begins to emerge as Israel's		
deliverer, just as the gospels over almost all of		
Jesus' upbringing to when he is grown and begins to emerge		
as the great deliverer Moses foreshadowed. Stephen in Acts 7		
helps us fill in some of the details: Moses has been taught and		
has mastered all the of the Egyptians;		
Moses is " in words and deeds," just		
as Jesus will be; Moses is years old. Moses is well into		
his career as an Egyptian (think of an		
English of old). But strength and energy wise,		
Moses would have been the equivalent of a year old		
today		

Acts 7 21 "Pharaoh's daughter took him away and brought him up

as her own son. ²² And Moses was learned in all the wisdom of the Egyptians, and was mighty in words and deeds. ²³ Now when he was forty years old, it came into his heart to visit his brethren, the children of Israel."

Lk 24 19 "Jesus ... was ... mighty in deed and word"

Dt 34 ⁷ Moses was one hundred and twenty years old when he died. His eyes were not dim nor his natural vigor diminished.

Exo 6 16 [T]he years of the life of Levi were one hundred and thirty-seven ... 18 ... [T]he years of the life of Kohath were one hundred and thirty-three. ... 20 ... [T]he years of the life of Amram were one hundred and thirty-seven.

► Vs 11's repeated reference to the Hebre	ews as Moses'
"brethren" is signaling to us that Moses ha	ad made a life
decision: Being God's	for Israel
was more important than being a	of Egypt.
Hb 11 ²⁴ By faith Moses, when he became called the son of Pharaoh's daughter, ²⁵ ch affliction with the people of God than to er pleasures of sin, ²⁶ esteeming the reproach riches than the treasures in Egypt; for he le ²⁷ By faith he forsook Egypt, not fearing the for he endured as seeing Him who is invision.	noosing rather to suffer njoy the passing n of Christ greater ooked to the reward. e wrath of the king;
How does the "reproach of Christ" factor	in? (1) Because God
the Son, the preincarnate Christ, was the one who appeared to	
, who will appear t	0,
and who would accompany	in the wilderness.
(2) Moses was a type, a living picture, of _	
the deliverer, which is the key to understa	nding the events in
Exodus.	
Jn 8 ⁵⁶ "Your father Abraham rejoiced to se it and was glad." ⁵⁷ Then the Jews said to fifty years old, and have You seen Abraham them, "Most assuredly, I say to you, before	Him, You are not yet m?" 58 Jesus said to
Ex 3 ¹⁴ God said to Moses, "Thus you so of Israel, 'I AM has sent me to you."	hall say to the children
1Co 10 ¹ [A]II our fathers ² were baptized cloud and in the sea, ³ all ate the same spidrank the same spiritual drink. For they drank that followed them, and that Rock w	ritual food, ⁴ and all ank of that spiritual
Acts 3 ²² "Moses truly said to the fathers, " raise up for you a Prophet like me from yo shall hear in all things, whatever He says t that every soul who will not hear that Prop destroyed from among the people."	ur brethren. Him you o you. 23 And it shall be

► Notice how vs 11 continues the theme of looking, seeing

discerned God was at work, and acted with compassion to

with discernment, then acting with compassion. Just as Moses' mother that he was a beautiful baby,

that he was crying in his little ark, discerned he was a Hebrew baby under Pharaoh's death sentence, and acted with compassion to adopt him and preserve his life; So now Moses goes out to his brethren's burdens, he an Egyptian beating one of his brethren, he discerns the Egyptian is going to kill him, and he acts with compassion to save his life. The text is signaling to us that Moses is following in the of his mother and his adoptive mother.	Rev 11 ⁸ the great city which spiritually is called Egypt, where also our Lord was crucified. Jn 5 ²² "[T]he Father has committed all judgment to the Son" 8 ²⁶ "I have many things to say and to judge concerning you" 1Pt 4 ¹⁷ [T]he time has come for judgment to begin at the house of God; and if it begins with us first, what will be the end of those who do not obey the gospel of God? Isa 10 ¹¹ "As I have done to Samaria and her idols, shall I not do also to Jerusalem and her idols?" ¹² [And] when the LORD has performed all His work on Jerusalem, He will say, "I will punish the arrogant heart of the king of Assyria" Jn 19 ¹⁵ [T]hey cried out, "Away with Him! Crucify Him!" Pilate	
NAME of Advanced to the control of t	said to them, "Shall I crucify your King?" The chief priests answered, "We have no king but Caesar!"	
► When Moses intervenes, it is not in the of		
passion as in a blood feud, but deliberately as in the	► Why do we have this pattern throughout Scripture?	
administration of Moses "strikes"	Because God is using Israel to for all time	
the Egyptian, which is the same Hebrew word used of the	two things: (1) The only way of salvation thru;	
Egyptian "striking" the Hebrew. That Moses effectively	(2) Fallen man's absolute helpless of salvation.	
imposes the death penalty indicates that the Egyptian's	God holds up OT Israel as a so we can	
actions it. This suggests that	see ourselves and understand the kind of radical savior we	
Moses' hiding of the body was not because he lacked	need, and the kind of radical savior is.	
authority to judge such matters as an Egyptian prince, but	Lk 13 ³³ "I must journey today, tomorrow, and the day following; for it cannot be that a prophet should perish outside of Jerusalem. ³⁴ O Jerusalem, Jerusalem, the one who kills the prophets and stones those who are sent to her! How often I wanted to gather your children together, as a hen gathers her brood under her wings, but you were not willing! ³⁵ See! Your house is left to you desolate"	
because the Hebrews was forbidden.		
This judicial reading of Moses' actions is supported by his		
further actions the next day, when he sees two Hebrews		
fighting. Moses sorts it out judicially and determines who was		
in the "," a technical legal term for "guilty."	Acts 4 ²⁷ "[T]ruly against Your holy Servant Jesus, whom You anointed, both Herod and Pontius Pilate, with the Gentiles and	
Acts 7 ²⁴ "And seeing one of them suffer wrong, he defended and avenged him who was oppressed, and struck down the Egyptian." ²⁵ For he supposed that his brethren would have understood that God would deliver them by his hand, but they did not understand.	the people of Israel, were gathered together ²⁸ to do whatever Your hand and Your purpose determined before to be done." Eph 2 ¹ [Y]ou [God] made alive, who were dead in trespasses and sins, ² in which you once walked according to the course of this world, according to the prince of the power of the air, the spirit who now works in the sons of disobedience, ³ among whom also	
	we all once conducted ourselves in the lusts of our flesh, fulfilling the desires of the flesh and of the mind, and were by nature	
► Moses is to find a Hebrew "striking"	children of wrath, just as the others. ⁴ But God, who is rich in	
his brother, because it is the same behavior he saw with the	mercy, because of His great love with which He loved us, ⁵ even when we were dead in trespasses, made us alive together with Christ (by grace you have been saved), ⁶ and raised us up together, and made us sit together in the heavenly places in Christ Jesus, ⁷ that in the ages to come He might show the exceeding riches of His grace in His kindness toward us in Christ Jesus. ⁸ For by grace you have been saved through faith, and that not of yourselves; it is the gift of God, ⁹ not of works, lest anyone should boast. ¹⁰ For we are His workmanship, created in Christ Jesus for good works, which God prepared beforehand	
Egyptian – and it means that Israel has become		
at heart – which is the same situation Jesus will find. Deliverers		
are, but they don't simply judge the		
godless, they start with people. God is the perfect		
Father; he always starts with his own While		
Israel the Egyptians and the Romans, they	that we should walk in them.	
the deliverer worse, because he convicts them of		
So Moses and Jesus are both		

and _

hide him and spare his life; And just as Pharaoh's daughter